

Let's **R**ead

On the way from school

Tom : Are you busy this afternoon, May?
 May : No, I'm not. My mom is at home, so I can go out.
 Tom : Then, let's go to the park and play tennis. **There is** a large park near my house.
 May : All right. By the way, do you remember Ken?
 Tom : Yes, of course. He **was** a good tennis player. I often played tennis with him. We **were** good friends.
 May : He **was** in my class two years ago, but he went back to Japan last year. How is he doing in Japan?



☑ 単語 Check

- 1. busy
- 2. at home
- 3. go out
- 4. by the way
- 5. remember
- 6. Of course.
- 7. often

形 「忙しい」
 「在宅して」
 * be at home, stay at home のように使う。
 「外出する」
 「ところで」
 * 話の途中で話題を変えるときなどに使う。
 動 「～を覚えている」
 「もちろん。」
 * Yes, of course. 「はい、もちろんです。」のように使う。
 副 「しばしば」

Point 1 be 動詞の意味

- 「～である」……あとに名詞(句)や形容詞(句)がくる。
 例 You **are** a student. [名詞] You **are** busy. [形容詞]
- 「～にいる, ～にある」……あとに場所を表す副詞(句)がくる。
 例 My mother **is** at home today. He **is** in our class.

Point 2 be 動詞の使い分け

- 主語の人称・数による使い分け……am, is, are
 比較 { I **am** busy. ⇨ He **is** busy.
 I **am** a student. ⇨ We **are** students.
- 時制による使い分け……am, is → was, are → were
 比較 { He **is** a good tennis player. ⇨ He **was** a good tennis player.
 We **are** good friends. ⇨ We **were** good friends.
- 過去を表す語句……yesterday, at that time, last night, two years ago など。

主語	現在形	過去形
I	am	was
3人称単数	is	was
youと複数	are	were

Point 3 There is[are] ～. の文

- There is [are] ～. 「～がある[いる].」
 比較 { There **is** a large park near my house. [単数]
 There **are** two large parks near my house. [複数]
- Here is [are] ～. 「ここに～がある。」
 例 Here **is** a letter for you.

Point 4 否定文と疑問文

肯定文		You	are		busy now.
否定文		You	are	not	busy now.
疑問文	Are	you			busy now?

注 (be 動詞 + not) の短縮形
 { is not → isn't, are not → aren't
 was not → wasn't
 were not → weren't

Notes